Opioid Crisis – California Fire Service Impact and Response

League of California Cities

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Newport Beach Fire Department

California Fire Service: Opiate Crisis

Survey

REGION IV
Calaveras El Dorado Nevada

45 Responses

Region 3 – #2

Region 2 – #3



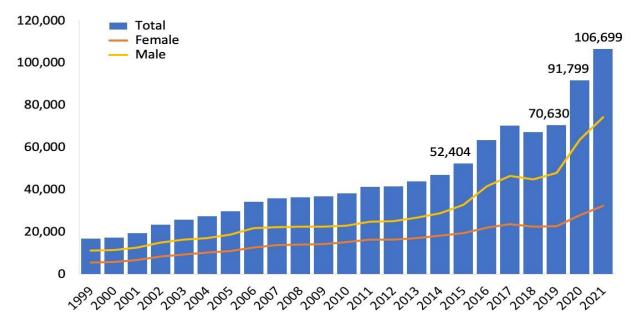
Region 1-

Region 2-

#20

Opiate Overdoses: Deaths

Figure 1. National Drug-Involved Overdose Deaths*, Number Among All Ages, by Gender, 1999-2021



^{*}Includes deaths with underlying causes of unintentional drug poisoning (X40–X44), suicide drug poisoning (X60–X64), homicide drug poisoning (X85), or drug poisoning of undetermined intent (Y10–Y14), as coded in the International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision. Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics. Multiple Cause of Death 1999-2021 on CDC WONDER Online Database, released 1/2023.

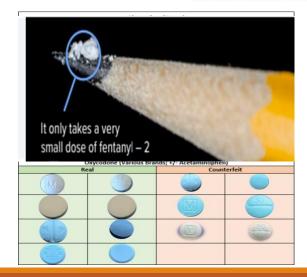
Poisonings: Counterfeit/fakes

- \$\$, every state, online accessibility, Mexico
- Look alike/false marketing
- One pill can be lethal: 6/10
 - Not legitimate medicine lethal amount of fentanyl, carfentanyl
 - •Mixed into other drugs



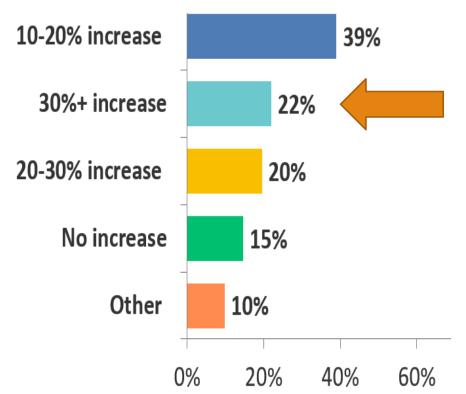


*FAKE rainbow oxycodone M30 tablets containing fentany



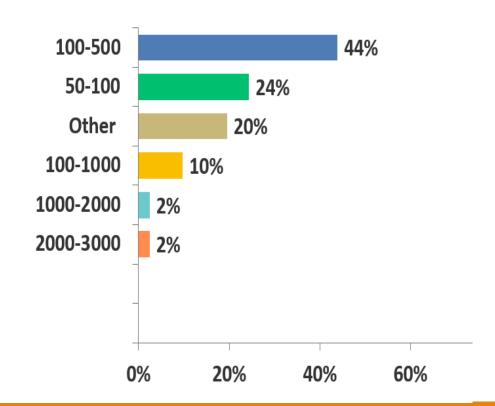
Fire Service - Impacts

- Fire-Based EMS
- Increased call volume
- Increased opioid overdoses

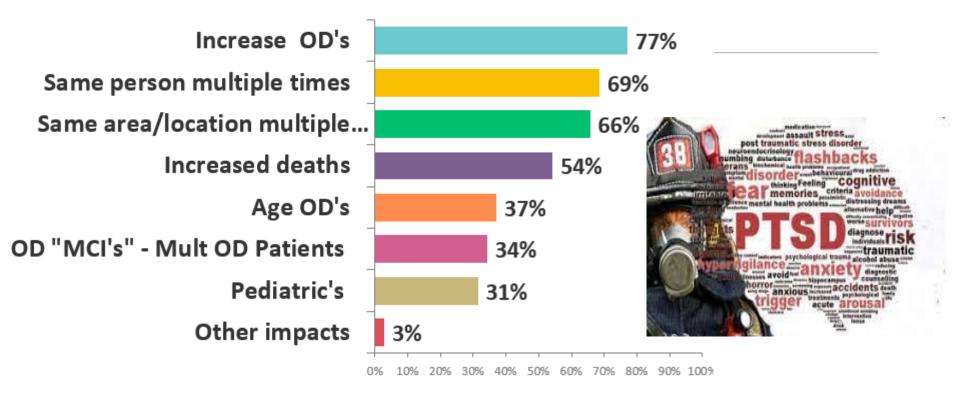


Fire Service - Impacts

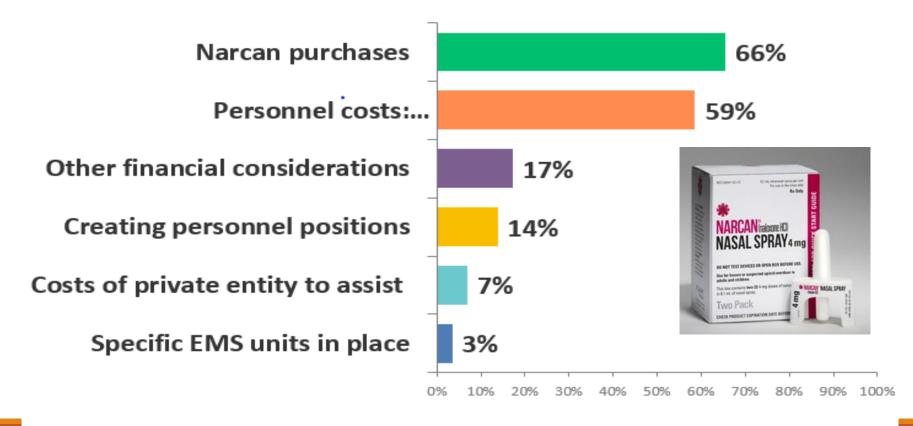
- Opiate OverdoseResponses CommunityServed
 - Annually/last 2 years



Fire Service – Impacts on Personnel



Fire Service -Impacts on Budget



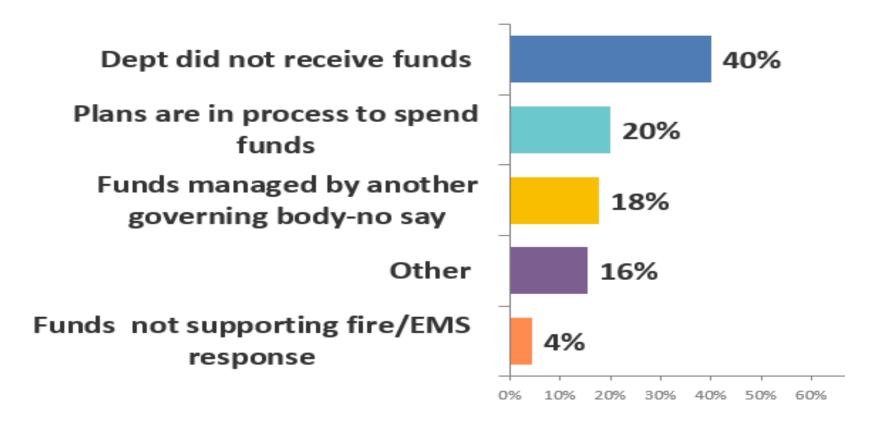
Fire Service -Impacts on Budget

- Equipment/supplies utilized on responses
- Training equipment
- PPE
- Resuscitations not transported
- OT off duty personnel training
- Newly created positions
- Creating/Upstaffing specific units
- Program materials/marketing



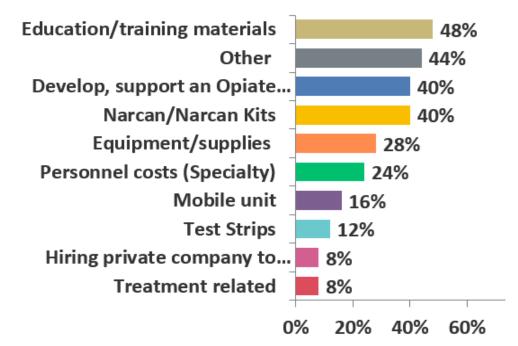


Opioid Settlement Funds



Opioid Settlement Fund Expenditures

- Specific criteria
- Audits
- Limited info for Fire-Based EMS



Fire Service Response: Education/Training Provided To:

- **■**Community Events 53%
- Employees of organization 41%
- At-Risk populations 41%
- ■Governing Bodies 35%



Jails/LE/Juvenile facilities



Fire Service Response: Education/Training Provided To:

- High Schools: Staff/Parents/Students
- Middle Schools: Staff/Parents/Students
- Elementary Schools: Staff/Parents/Students
- **15%-38%**

High Risk - Poisonings



Fire Service Response: Education/Training Content

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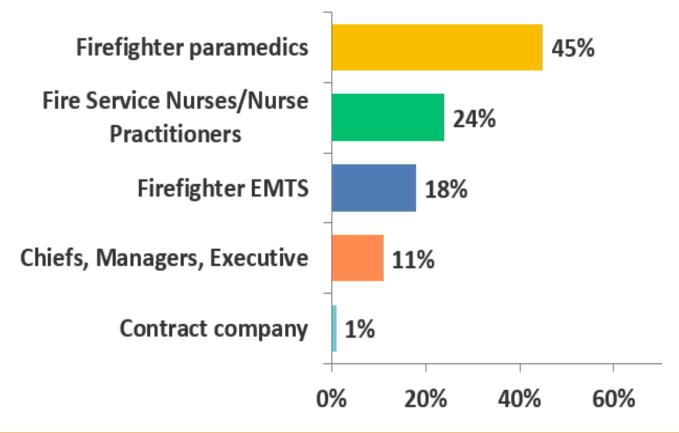
- Narcan use/access -70%
- Signs/symptoms-70%
- •CPR/Recovery position/911 access-50%
- Fentanyl specifically-50%
- Counterfeit/Poisonings-40%
- Scope of crisis & prevention techniques-30%



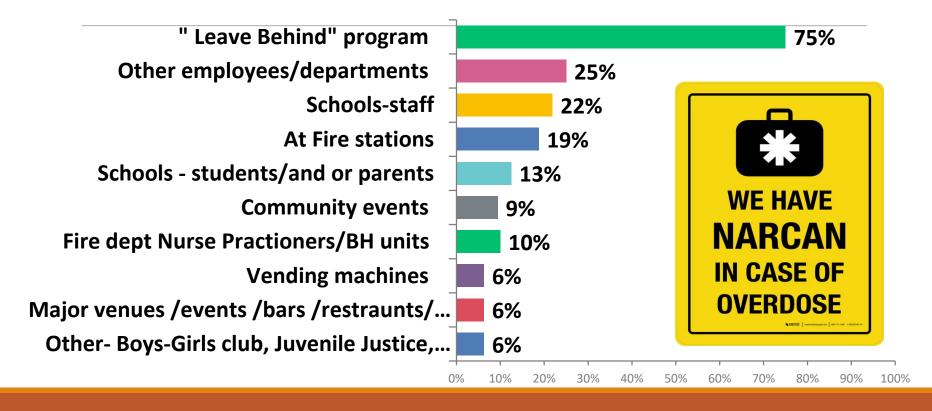
Education – Who is teaching?







Fire Service Response: Narcan Distribution



Fire Service Response: Treatment

- Partner with sobering/addiction facilities assist public
- Treatment assistance to firefighters with addiction
- EAP/Peer Support/Clinicians
- Social Services
- Medication (Buprenorphine) Pilot



Fire Service Response: Partnerships

- **Law Enforcement 75%**
- County resources (Behavioral Health, Public Health, LEMSA, Social Services) – 40%
- Homeless outreach services 37%
- Other fire departments 29%
- Local Hospitals -29%
- State Entities-20%
- Narcan Distribution Project
- Private companies/vendors
- ODMAP-surveillance



California Fire Service: Impact and Response

- Complex issue
- Mitigating the effects
- Improving the health of our communities

Q and A